OLD ENGLAND:

OR,

The NATIONAL GAZETTE.

By JONATHAN FREE, of the Duchy of CORNWALL, Esq;

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1752. [N°. 127.

To the AUTHOR, &c.

" Nam quod turpe bonis, Titio, Seioque
" decebat
" Criſpinum —— JUV.

ANGLICE:
What would have been ſcandalous in a writer of character, was decent in the Cenſor.

SIR,

HEAD that choice Spirit, which for ſome MONTHS paſt has haunted the avenues of GRUB and the BEAR-GARDEN, made a decent exit; had it " died in peace with all men," like its kin-ſpirits near PADDINGTON, I ſhould have had the pleaſure of giving a good example to be imitated, inſtead of an evil one to be ſhunned.

This evil example has been furniſhed by the untimely miſerable end of Sir ALEXANDER DRAWCANSIR, Knt. and Cenſor of Great Britain. But, before I come to the particulars of his death, it will not be amiſs to relate the moſt material tranſactions of his ſhort ſurprizing life.

ALEC was born early in the year of our Lord 1752, the very year which is now almoſt in its wane. This may ſeem incredible to thoſe who accuſtom themſelves to obſerve things only in their natural order. But had theſe unbelievers ſeen the little old Welchman, Hopkin Hopkins, ſuperannuated in an age of childhood, their wonder at this greater prodigy would be greater only in proportion. Hopkin was old in eleven years, Alec was young and old too in as few months.

The place of his nativity has been variouſly related. Some have fixed it in the Mint, others at Hockley in the Hole, and not a few at Bethlem, commonly called Bedlam; but the far greater part are poſitive in opinion, he firſt breathed in that more celebrated place known to us now, and will be to all poſterity, by the immortal name of GRUBSTREET: at leaſt, whether he was born here or not, his admirers, thro' a common frailty, are willing he ſhould be allowed the diſtinction of ſuch a famous nativity, weakly judging that no little fame would thence redound to their hero.

However uncertain the place of his birth may be, there is ſtill more conjecturing about his parents. People who indulge themſelves in viewing the ſatirical ſide of things, have called him a baſtard; ſaid his father was an incorrigible debauchee, and his mother a notorious harlot. But I ſhall give no greater countenance to this ſlander, than to another of a more extraordinary kind, to wit, that he had no parents at all. The obſcurity of his birth and parentage has already raiſed ſome fictions as extravagant as the birth of Hercules, or as the Bear-nurſe of Romulus and Remus. Some tell us, he ſuckled a wolf, others ſay it was a fox, and a third ſort believe he got his " milk of human kindneſs" by ſucking a vulture. The abſurdity and ignorance of ſuch pretended relations ſufficiently refute them; for but to read, is to diſcredit, them. Theſe important points muſt therefore remain unſettled for me: They may be the ſearch of future biographers, and may afford matter for volumes yet unthought of, or at leaſt unwrit.

But before I enter upon the actions of this prodigious animal, let me humbly entreat that Royal Body who meet in Crane-court, Fleet-ſtreet, not to ſuſpect my veracity; for every tittle of what has been or may be ſaid, can be authenticated by many credible witneſſes. It is not doubted therefore that they will enrich the Philoſophical Tranſactions with the preſent narration, eſpecially as the DEAD BODY may be purchaſed at a very ſmall expence of Mrs. DODD at Temple-bar, and may be depoſited among the archives of the ſociety as ſtanding evidence to the truth of their printed accounts. To proceed:

The very week our hero was born, he appeared abroad, not upon his own proper legs indeed; but upon crutches which he uſed with great dexterity. He had the bulk of a common ſoldier even at this age, and it was well for thoſe near him he had not the ſtrength too; for he affected a military genius, and was very fond of ſtiling himſelf " his excellency the general," &c. He levied war (as he called it) upon the powers of GRUBSTEET, his countrymen, becauſe he ſaid he loved to fight againſt father and mother, and that there was ſomething ſweeter in that ingratitude which was the moſt forbidden. He threw dirt about him profuſely, but having no great ſhare of courage he left honour and the field to his victorious adverſaries, who, tho' he did not know it, were many of them total ſtrangers to his Grubæan wilds.

I am relating facts, not explaining wonders. Take this remark with you, inſtead of enquiring into the poſſibility of what is related. I ſpeak truths authenticated by thouſands.

ALEC became a knight errant at a time when other infants nibble the breaſts of their nurſes; tho' it is ſaid he SUCKED plentifully enough of what he liked. What that was is diſputed. Some ſay he ſucked like a LEECH, ſome, like a LECHER: the truth is hard to come at, and when found very inſignificant.

But ALEC, with the appearance of a man, was nevertheleſs an infant. There was ſome form in the body but no ſtrength, the fleſh wanted the active muſcle, the bones the hardening callus. Weak, and unable to walk, he would notwithſtanding be a knight-errant, for his crutches were to be his legs, when he ſhould want them.

ALEC had no Roſinante, nor yet a Sancho Pancha; but he muſt have both, for he could never knight-errant it on foot, or rather on crutch, nor could he mount his beaſt without help. What was to be done in this extremity, that it might not continue ſo? In the neighbourhood of Grubſtreet, where Alec lived, there lived a dealer in aſſes. Alec ſeeing this man driving ſome of theſe creatures, conceived a thought that gave him immediate relief.—— To be brief, he ſtruck a bargain with the man, bought an aſs, and immediately with the help only of his crutches mounted, and trotted forth in ſearch of adventures, his crutches being all he had to rely on, either for convenience or defence.

I forgot to ſay he had knighted himſelf for this mighty purpoſe, and that he called himſelf " Cenſor of Great Britain." The whole time of his birth, life and death are ſo ſhort, that there is the leſs neceſſity of ſtrict dates to the events, as they all happened in a few months. Beſides, there is like to be great controverſy among the learned concerning theſe & other matters as important to the repoſe of mankind. One queſtion which is warmly agitated, is, whether Alec's aſs was male or female? I proteſt againſt all polemics, if I cannot prevent them.

Paſſing this, let us look after our Quixote. Alec, delighted with his new ſervant, gives the creature its head to go which way it chuſes. It carried him towards Coldbath-fields, where it may be ſuppoſed it uſually grazed. When it came to Lord Cobham's, Alec beheld a ſtrange monſter at the door, reſembling a LION. He ſtood gazing at it awhile, afraid tho' wiſhing to attack it. At length however encouraged by the ſtill poſition of the enemy, and thinking him aſleep, he advances cloſer. At this inſtant the baſe of the organ, with the noiſe of the people, formed ſuch a roar, as ſtartled our poor knight off his aſs, and laid him proſtrate in the dirt. He was helped up however by the crowd the oddity of his appearance had brought with him, and again remounted. He hopes now to ſignalize his courage before the people, who fell into his humour and encouraged it, and intrepidly trots up to his horrible antagoniſt. He liſted up his crutch, and the mob groans. Poor Alec is again extended in the mire, and grievouſly hurt, to the great diverſion of the cruel ſpectators. They ſet him up again, but no perſuaſion could induce a third eſſay, 'till they had convinced him it was only a log of wood cut in the ſhape of a lion: then he very couragiouſly broke one of his crutches on the wooden monſter, for having put him into ſuch bodily fear.

This put an end to his knight-errantries, before he had performed any: but a more extravagant whim took him than ever knight-errant conceived. He intended to tranſlate GRUBSTEET to COVENT-GARDEN!

He was indefatigable in the execution of this wild project. He worked week after week, and ſhewed the amazing power of induſtry. He was far advanced in this hopeful buſineſs, when his other crutch failed him under the loads of rubbiſh he would oppreſs himſelf with. This broke his gall, diſappointed his darling tranſportation, and overwhelmed him with deſpair.

Inſtead of taking chriſtian conſort, his evil genius prompted him to lay violent hands on himſelf, and what was worſe threw a halter in his way. He fairly did the hangman's buſineſs; but firſt wrote theſe lines, to leave behind him:

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" I ſhall here lay down a DESIGN I have neither ability or inclination to carry on any longer."

" Many of my graver friends have chid me for not dropping it long ago; indeed for undertaking it all. They have been pleaſed to think it was BELOW my character; and ſome have been kind enough to tell me, that I might have employed myſelf more to the honor of myſelf, and to the good of the public."

" It is never too late to grow wiſe: I lay down my deſign and life together."

Nov. 25. ALEX. DRAWCANSIR."

Thus lived, and thus died the Cenſor of Great Britain! A prodigy in nature, and an example, hung up in gibbets of ridicule, to the ſuicide and fot.

VERUS.

* See the laſt Covent-garden Journal.

LONDON.

Monday his Majeſty received the compliments of the nobility, foreign miniſters, &c. at St. James's, it being kept for his Majeſty's birth-day; and there was a ball at night in the great ball at night in the great Ball room. The princeſs dowager of Wales, with all her ladies of honor, appeared for the firſt time out of Mourning in coaches and chairs newly made for that purpoſe; his majeſty's domeſtics, the prince of Wales's, the princeſs dowaker's, and the duke of Cumberland's, all appeared in their new liveries. The following ode was performed at noon iv the great conncil chanber:

ODE for his majeſty's birty day, by Colley Cibber, Eſq; poet laureat, and ſet to muſic by Dr. Green, maſter of his majeſty's band of muſicians. The volal parts, ey Meſſ. Beard, Waſs, Savage, Balidon, Gates, Rawe, and the Boys of the Chapel Royal.

Recitative.

GREAT patriot prince, of race ſublime!
In whom the ſtreams imperial meet,
Of Brunſwick, and Plantagenet,
Heroic in the rolls of time;

Chorus.

Accept in duty to the day,
The humble for the worthy lay.

Air.

Not the fond mother's eye from ſhore,
Can the high-beating waves explore,
More anxious for a ſon's return,
Than when to diſtant realms remov'd,
With filial fond deſire beloved,
Our hearts for the, AUGUSTUS, burn.

Recitative.

Behold! behold! the ſeas and wind,
Bleſs'd Britain, to thy vows are kind;
Again has Cæſar touch'd thy ſhore:
And ſighing ſadneſs is no more.

Air,

When Cæſars preſence glad our eyes,
Our joyous ſuns more radient riſe;
Returning ſprings embloom the field,
And happier harveſt, autumn yield;
Not peace to harraſs'd worlds more dear,
Than after abſence Cæſar here.

Recitative.

While Rome a Cæſar leſs endear'd,
Inroll'd among her gods, preferr'd,
The greateſt good her ſubjects ſaw,
Was that their monarch's will was law.

Air.

But Liberty, which GEORGE ſuſtains,
Poſtpones the praiſe of Roman Reigns;
Tho' wars may right of crowns aſſign,
'Tis virtue forms the right divine.

Duette.

Thus may triumphant Britain ſing,
With greater truth her greater King.

Chorus.

That long his days high heaven may ſpare,
Is our firſt fervent morning pray'r;
To this we quaff the ev'ving bowl,
'Till ſuns beneath our ocean roll.

Thurſday being the birth day of her royal highneſs the princeſs dowager of Wales, who entered into the 34th year of her age, her highneſs, with all the officers to to her houſhold, the ladies of the houſhold, the ladies of the bedchamber and the maids of honor, went to St. James's to receive the compliments of the nobility and gentry (for the firſt time ſince the late prince's death) with the utmoſt magnificence and ſtate. Her highneſs appeared in a ſilver net tiſſue, richly embroidered, and the ladies of the bedchamber and maids of Honor in ſilver brocades & flowered ſilver luſtrings, all of the britiſh manufactory, her royal higoueſs having given expreſs orders for none to appear at her court but in dreſſes of Engliſh artificers; a moſt noble and princely example, deſerving the imitation of every ſon and daughter of Britain.

The ſame being St. Andrew's day, the turelar ſaint of Scotland, the knights companions of the moſt noble order of the garter, thiſtle and eath, appeared at court in the collars of their reſpective orders.

The ball at St. James's on Monday was opened by the royal family a little after nine, who danced ſome time. His majeſty and the royal family with drew about eleven and the ball ended ſoon after.

On Wedneſday the right hon. the earls of Winchelſea and Ezeter, lord Burleigh, Sir John Heathcote, Bart. & the other gentlemen truſtees for Oakham free choal, met there for the choice of a maſter, when the Rev. Mr. Powell, fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, and ſenior uſher of Weſtminſter ſchool was unanimouſly choſen maſter.

Laſt week died at the ſeat of the right hon. the earl of Powys in Suffolk, Miſs Charlton, ſiſter to Sir Francis Charlton, Bart.

By letters from the Leeward Iſlands we have an account of the death of ——— Fenton, Eſq; a conſiderable Merchant there.

Laſt Monday ſe'nnight as Mr. John Branford, a farmer at Thryne, in the hundred of Flegg in Norfolk, was returning home from viſiting a neighbour at Obye, hishorſe, who went in to a pit at the entrance of Thyrne field to drink, by ſome accident threw him, & he was found drowned the next morning.

On Tueſday night, between ſeven and eight o'clock Mr. Cornelius Muſſel was robbed in London field, Hackney, of twenty five ſhillings, by five men armed with piſtols and cutlaſſes; and on Wedneſday night two gentlemen in a coach, coming to town, from Hackney, were robbed on Cambridge Heath by ſome Fellows ſuppoſed to be the ſame gang.

Yeſterday the priſoners were removed from the Gatehouſe, Weſtminſter, and Tothill fields bridewell, to Newgate, in order to take their reſpective trials at the enſuing ſeſſion at the Old Baily, which begins on Wedneſdah next.

A commiſſion of the peace has paſſed the great ſeal for the county of Southampton.

Thurſday night one Bridget Goodwyn was brought before jaſtice Fielding, for aſſaulting & beating Walter Lacy; when ſhe was charged by the proſecuted ſhe ſwore it was all very true, & then knocked him down; and while her commitment was drawing conferred the ſame favour on the conſtable.

Thurſday Edward Cooper, a driver of a poſtchaiſe, was committed to New-priſon, by the ſame gentleman, for aſſaulting Mr. John Uſher, upon the king's highway near Knightsbridge, as he was in a one horſe chaiſe, by willfully and maliciouſly driving his chaiſe againſt the chaiſe of the ſaid John Uſher, two or three times, by means of which he was put in danger of being overturned; at which time the ſaid Edward Cooper ſwore ſeveral Oaths, and threatned to knock the ſaid John Uſher down, and attempted to whip him with his whip.——The inſolence of thoſe poſtilions are grown to be ſo intolerable, that it hoped Mr. Uſher will take care to make this fellow an example.

On Wedneſday laſt Sarah Poole was committed to New Priſon by Henry Fielding, for aſſaulting John Poole her husband, by violently throwing a brickbat at his head, and thereby breaking his skull, by Means of which he is ſince dead. When the priſoner was before the juſtice, ſhe appeared entirely indifferent, and conſcious of no crime, and the witneſſes againſt her by their behaviour (tho' they ſwore poſitively to the fact) ſeemed to be of the ſame opinion. The husband died in an hoſpital; upon which the juſtice wrote immediately thither, that the coroner might ſit, and the affair be examided into, which ſeemed to be in a probable way of being ſuppreſſed.

On Wedneſday night the cauſe depending between the college of phyſician and Dr. Schomberg was farther heard at Lincoln's Inn; but the arguments on both ſides were not finiſhed, and the court adjourned for the final determination thereof ſine Die.

By a letter from Ayr in North Britain we are informed that two perſons, one of them of Appin, are taken upon a ſtrong ſuſpicion of being concerned iu the murder of Mr. Campbell of Glenure, and cloſely confined.

Letters by Thurſday's Flanders mail mention, that an eminent trader at Ghent has broke for eight hundred thouſand ſlurins, which has occaſioned a great conſternation in the low countries.

Some letters from Peterſburgh, by the laſt Dutch mail, adviſe, that the late ſtormy weather in the Baltick occaſioned an inundation in that city, whereby near a third part part of it was laid under water, and vaſt quantities of goods in ground floors and ſellers damaged or quite ſpoiled: The hemp warehouſes in particular ſuffered very much.

Yeſterday all public places of entertainmtnt (except the Theatres) which were not licenſed by the juſtices at the laſt Michaelman ſeſſions of Middleſex or Weſtminſter, were obliged to ſhut up their doors or will render themſelves liable to very ſevere penalties by an excellent law paſſed the laſt ſeſſion of parliament.

They write frtm the ſound, the 18th of laſt month, that the Britiſh ſhip loſt by Gotteuburgh, belonged to Liverpool, bound for Dantzick, and was loaded by Mr. Charles Campbell, Swediſh Conſul at the ſaid place, who was himſelf on board and periſhed. Two Oſtenders, homeward bound, likewiſe periſhed there at the ſame time. On the 4th and 5th of the ſame month two ſhips were loſt on the Scaw; the one Capt. Michael Heeger, for ferrol; the other, Capt. Soren Jacobſon, of Chriſtianſand, from London, in ballaſt; the men were ſaved, but nothing elſe from either, except ſome of the rigging.

One day laſt week a man, neatly dreſſed, went, without a hat, to a public houſe near St. Martin's lane in the Strand, where they draw moſtly in plate, and ordered a tankard of beer to be ſent to a gentleman's houſe, whom the publican uſed to ſerve, and that it muſt be in a ſilver tankard, his maſter having company, which was complied with, and the maid ordered to carry it. When ſhe came to the door the man waited for her, and ſaid he had forgot he was to bring change for a guinea, and deſired her to ſtep back and bring it; but the maid having heard of others being tricked, would not ſtir without the guinea firſt, which he gave her, and while ſhe was gone, he ran away with the tankard for his guinea; but the tankard happened to be only French plate.

Tueſday about four o'clock, as one Mr. Benjamin Saunders of Dublin, was coming over Hounſlow Heath, he was attacked by a ſingle highwayman, well mounted, and robbed of 200 guineas and a gold repeating watch. The highwayman was dreſſed in green, but had a very fine waiſtcoat of gold tiſſue, & a lady was obſerved with him dreſſed in a ſilver broeade.

Wedneſday William, otherwiſe James, Harvey, (ſome time ago committed to goal, being charged with returning from tranſportation before the expiration of his time) was examined before Thomas Lediard, Eſq; at Mr. Gold's, in Lambeth Marſh, touching a robbery on the highway committed by him, in company with one Jennings, who was convicted at the laſt ſummer aſſizes for the couuty of Devon, for robbing the Salisbury ſtage coach, and executed at Heavy-Tree, near Exeter for the ſame, and made a confeſſiou of the following robbery & his accomplice; and after a ſhort examination he was detained upon the Oath of Robert Whitfield, Eſq; for aſſaulting him on the king's highway, near Salisbury, in the county of Wilts, putting him in fear of his life and robbing him of his gold watch, near thirty ſhillings in money, a grey gelding, a bay mare and ſome other things his property.

Yeſterday 7-night, about eight o'clock, a woman took an opportunity to lay her young child in the highway, oppoſite St. Andrew's Church, Holborn, where, in all probability, it had been killed by ſome carriages then coming down the hill, had it not been for a woman who obſerved the whole affair, and ran and took the infant up juſt as a coach was coming upon it. The woman was ſecured but behaved like a Lunatic, declaring ſhe could not keep it, therefore muſt and would kill it.

There has been lately printed, at Naples, the ſecond volume of a work that is highly applauded, which is entitled, " The Science of Nature." In this volume the author undertakes to explain all the phænomena of luminous bodies, the three properties of the load ſtone, and the cauſe of electricity, from a ſingle principle, viz. the ſolar Effluvia.

They write from the Sound, of the 14th inſtant, that ſome ſhips have been unfortunate on the Swediſh coaſt, but no farther particulars, except, that a ſmall Britiſh veſſel, ſuppoſed to have loaded there, was drove in thither, and had on board only a dead man. The Daniſh ſhip by Elſingurgh remains aground, but keeping ſtill right, and on a good ſand, there were hopes of her being got off.

On Monday at noon, as the houſe-keeper belonging to Mr. Medley, a gensleman of conſiderable fortuna, went to ſee the nobility and gentry go to court at St. James's, ſhe was, in the croud, ſeparated from her company, and ſo terribly frighted, by being greatly crouded, that when ſhe got at liberty, ſhe ran delirious into the park, and has continued in a high fever, deprived of her ſenſes, ever ſince.

Tueſday Kingsford a ſmuggler, who about three years ſince broke out of Newgate, in company with others, one of whom is ſince taken, being apprehended at Folkſtone, wns brought to Newgate. As was alſo committed to the ſaid goal, Edward Patty, an outlawed ſmuggler, who was taken at Folkſtone; and Elizabeth Bowers was committed to the above goal by juſtice Garret, for ſtealing nine ſhillings from a man.

On Monday afternoon three fellows came with a paſs to Mr. Akerman, Churchwarden of St. Dionis Back church, and he ſuſpecting the paſs to be forged, it being ſigned with the name of Robert Scott, Eſq; Alderman, ſent to the alderman, but he not being in the way the fellows were ſecured in the Poultry compter one of whom pretended to be dumb; Tueſday being brought before alderman Bethel at Guildhall, after an examination two of them were committed to the compter, the paſs, on the oath of alderman Scott, being proved to be forged. The dumb man was committed to bridewell.——One of theſe villains, whoſe name is Johnſon, was, in the mayoralty of the late alderman Winterbottom committed committed to Bridewell, and once whiped at Biſhopſgate pump; and in the mayoralty of alderman Alſop was committed to the ſame place, and diſcharged the laſt ſeſſions of the peace at Guildhall. Mr. Akerman, Churchwarden, is bound over to proſecute them at the next ſeſſions at Guildhall for the forgery, &c.

On Monday evening a woman that lives in Fetter lane, going along Holborn with her two children, was accoſted by two men, one of whom pretending to be fond of children, offered to carry one of them for her, and accordingly took up a boy about three years old; but ſoon after gave the mother the ſlip & carried the child off. The woman was all day on Tueſday ſeeking after her ſon, & at five in the evening accidentally met the man again at the end of Fetter lane in Holborn, upon which ſhe had him ſecured and ſent to the Compter.

They write from Petersburgh, that a Genoeſe, who has reſided many years in Tartary, has preſented a memorial to the miniſtry, in relation to a new method of tranſporting and preſerving Rhubarb, ſo as to bring it thither, in a greater degree of perfection than has hitherto been ſeen, and for which it is thought he will receive a conſiderable reward, in caſe his ſecrets ſhall be found effectual.

Letters from Paris ſay, that a certain great miniſter employs all his influence to procure ſome relaxationof the ſeverities exerciſed againſt the Proteſtants and that they are not without hopes his interpoſition will be attended with good ſucceſs, the rather becauſe he is in a condition to make it appear that the ſuggeſſions, upon which thoſe ſeverities were exerciſed, were abſolute falſhoods.

Tueſday a foreign gentleman, who ſome time ago belonged to the Army, but upon ſome miſconduct was caſhiered, wrote with chaulk ſome ſentences upon the plain ſtones upon the plain ſtones at St. Martin's church, very much reflecting upon the officers of the Engliſh army: The ſame gentleman very often fixes written papers upon the trees in St. James's park, to the ſame purpoſe.

We hear from Bellackeiliſh, in Argnr, that an attempt was made on the 12th to cut down James Stewart, who was hung there in chains for the murder of Colin Campbell on the 8th, but that from the vigorous oppoſition of the guard that is ſtationed there for preſerving this example of juſtice, they were obliged to take to their heels.

By a private letter in town we hear, that the ſnow for a fortnight continued to fall in ſuch quantities between the hill of Carryerroig (where the young chevalier waited for the king's army anno, 1745) and the hill of Bennevis, adjacent to fort William, that the roads were almoſt impaſſable in thoſe places, the ſnow being in ſome places breaſt deep.

Tueſday James Watkins was re-examined by Sir Criſp Gaſcoine, Knt. Lord Mayor, and was committed to the Poultry compter on ſuſpicion of defrauding Mr. Thomas Roberts, his maſter. His brother was taken up on ſuſpicion of being an accomplice with him and diſcharged.

Mr. Keith's Chapel, in May-Fair, Hyde-Park Corner, where the Marriages are performed by Virtue of a Crown Stamp and Certificate for a Guinea, is oppoſite the great Chapel and within Ten Yards of it. The Way to the Chapel is thro' Piccadilly, by the End of St. James's-ſtreet, and down Clarges-ſtreet, and turn on the Left-Hand.—Several Perſons belonging to Churches and Chapels together with many others, ſuppoſing the Marriages to be datrimental to their Intereſt, have made it their Buſineſs to rave and clamour, but in ſuch a Manner, as not to deſerve an Anſwer, becauſe every Thing they have ſaid tends only to expoſe their own Ignorance and Malice, in the Opinion of People of good Senſe and underſtanding.

SCOTLAND.

Edinbourgh, Nov. 20. Laſt Thurſday the Scotch peers met at Holyrood houſe, and unanimouſly made choice of the right hon. the lord Cathcart, in the room of his grace the duke of Gordon, deceaſed.

That evening about ſeven o'clock, James Mac Gregor, alias Drummond, mentioned in former papers as priſoner in the caſtle for the crimes of Hamefucken, rape and violent abduction of the now deceaſed Jean Key, Heireſs of Edinbelly, found means to eſcape out of the caſtle, diſguiſed as ſome conjecture, in the habit of a Waterman, with a barrel on his back, tho' others rather ſay he went out in a big coat and bonnet, the habit which one of his friends had juſt before gone to pay him a viſit in, without being taken the leaſt notice. Immediately upon his being found amiſſing, the city ports were ſhut, and a very ſtrict ſearch but all to no purpoſe; and the ſerjeant and ſome other of the military that had the care of the priſoner, we hear, are ſince put under confinement for neglect of Duty.

IRELAND.

Dublin, Nov. 18. We hear from Kilkenny, that laſt week as a gentlewoman was walking the ſtreet two fellows came up and joſtled her, when one of them picked her pocket of ſeven guineas and a moidore, which ſhe did not miſs till ſhe went home, and ſending in ſearch of the fellows they were both taken and brought before a juſtice, when one of them confeſſed the fact, and ſaid the other had the money, but upon his being ſtripped naked and ſearched and no money found upon him, it was believed he had ſwallowed it; the juſtice then ſent for ſome Jalap for the fellow to take and be confined, upon which he confeſſed he had put the money up his fundament and accerdisgly took it out for them.

BANKRUPT.

James Oliver, of Ironmonger lane, in the city of London, warehouſeman and factor.

Henry Branſon, of the pariſh of St. Mary Magdalen, Old Fiſh ſtreet, London, plaiſterer and chapman.

Harris Sharp, of the pariſh of St. John Southwark, in the county of Surry, warfinger and millſtone merchant.

An immediate and never-failing Cure for DEAFNESS *Thickneſs of Hearing, Noiſe or Pain in the Ears, &c.*

BY a noble Chymical Preparation, the moſt excellent Medicine for this Purpoſe that ever was known, far exceeding all Things ever yet publiſh'd, or made Uſe of; its Virtues are beyond Expreſſion, and cannot be truly known but by Experience: Words come ſhort of its juſt Praiſe.

It is a certain, and, as it were, an inſtant Cure for Deafneſs, Thickneſs of Hearing, Noiſe or Pain in the Ears from what Cauſe ſoever, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, having cur'd vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes and all Ages, that have been in a Manner totally deaf, after all other Means and Medicines, external and internal, by Advice, and alſo by Publication, have fail'd, with the greateſt Eaſe and Safety, and to their utmoſt Satisfaction and Wonder; for

In a peculiar Manner, it ſtrengthens, ſoftens and looſens the Drum of the Ear, which by being dry'd or ſhrivell'd, is often the firſt and chief Cauſe of every Complaint of want of Hearing, or of Noiſe or Pain in the Ears, &c. to remedy all which, this noble Medicine is a true Specifick that never fails perfectly to cure all poſſibly curable Caſes, after all other Means and Medicines have utterly fail'd, which is more than can be ſaid of any other Thing in the whole World beſides itſelf, Any Cold in the Head, or any Hurt by congeal'd Matter in the Ears, it inſtantly cures.

It is ſold for 5s. 6d. each Bottle, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, (Mr Richards being dead) by Mrs. Stephens, a Miner, at the Sign of the Blue Ball, near the Middle Temple Gate in Fleetſtreet; and no where elſe in England.

BANKRUPT.

Charlas Coxhead of Oxford, brewer, and chapman.

The Univerſal Family MEDICINE,

Being a perfect and Speedy Cure for the SCURVY.

Still more and more fam'd, after upwards of Twenty Years Succeſs with the Publick,

Is ſold by the Author's Appointment, now only at Mr. Sandwell's Toyſhop, the Sign of the Griffin, the Corner of Bucklersbury, in the Poultry, London; and by Mr. Martin, at the Sign of the Duke of Cumberland, in Cranbourn-Alley near Leiceſter Fields, 3s. the Bottle Retail.

It is to be taken at any Seaſon of the Year, and is ſo very agreeable to Young and Old, that Children take it without Trouble, a few Drops being a Doſe; and ſo gentle, that it weakens not the moſt Aged; for it is a ſafe and effectual Alterative, if taken in leſs Doſe than is neceſſary for Purging.

It is in particular,

A Certain and infallible Cure for the SCURVY, tho' of the longeſt Standing, and attended with the moſt aggravated Circumſtances, (a Diſtemper ſo common to Engliſh People that great Numbers are ſolely afflicted with it, and not one in a thouſand is wholly exempt from it) being a Cordial Elixir peculiar adapted to that Diſeaſe in all its Forms of appearing, from the ſlighteſt itching Humour in the Blood, to it's utmoſt or laſt Efforts on Human Nature.

For it is a true Specifick Cordial, that perfectly cures that Diſtemper by gentle Evacuation, by Stool and Urine, the only ſure and effectual Way perfectly to cure the Scurvy, &c. and prevent Relapſes. It ſo powerfully rectifies the Blood and Juices, that ſcrophulous Caſes are alſo ſpecifically cured by it, and all Spots, Blotches, Pimples, &c. on the Skin, are quickly and entirely taken off, the Patients made lively and brisk, many chronick Diſeaſes prevented, and a due State of Health ſecured.

It removes all Pain in the Stomach, helps Digeſtion, it is the beſt Medicine in the World to deſtroy Worms in Children or grown People, and prevent their Return; for it ſcours away all thoſe ropy, viſcid Humours which breed them in their Bowels, and is ſo well adapted to all Conſtitutions, that it is deſervedly eſteem'd the moſt generally Family Medicine that ever was known.

Good Allowance is given Wholeſale by Mr. Sandwell for ready Money, to Country Shopkeepers, &c. to ſell again. This Medicine will keep good many Years in any Climate. The printed Directions given with it are large and full.

The moſt wonderful cleanſing and ſtrengthning Drops for all Sorts of Gleets, and Seminal Weakneſſes and Imbecilities of the Generative Parts and Faculties, preventing Miſcarriages in Women; and to cleanſe and ſtrengthen the Reins, Kidnies and Bladder, cure weak Backs, Stranguries, Gravel, and Stoppage of the Urine, and for which it has gained ſuch Repute, that near 30000 Bottles have been ſold ſince April 1734, that they were firſt publiſh'd.

THESE incomparable Drops, which for the abovesaid Diſorders are not to be equall'd in the whole Art of Medicines were preſcrib'd by the late Dr. Ratcliffe, for a certain noble Lord, who for a long Time had been vex'd with an old obſtinate Gleet and Weakneſs, of which he was cured by them in a few Days, beyond all Expectation, after he had been harraſs'd with Electuaries, Bolluſes, Pills, Potions, Injections, and a hundred other Medicines, for many Months together in vain.

The Apothecary who prepared them for him according to the Doctor's Preſcription (which he has ſtill upon his File) has made Uſe of them ever ſince to Numbers of People in the very worſt of Gleets, ſeminal and genital Imbecilities and Infertilities, Pains in the Back and Reins, Diſorders of the Urine and Gravel, &c with the utmoſt Succeſs and Safety; as alſo in all Weaknefſes from Strains, as well as Venereal Relicts, exceſſive Coition, Self Pollution, ſeminal Emiſſions in Sleep, Falls, Blows, Wrenches, and the like, in both Sexes.

And as they have never once failed him, even in Caſes thought to be incurable, he now, for general Good, has made them publick: And that the meaner Sort of People might partake of the Benefit of ſo divine a Remedy as well as the Rich, he has put them up in Bottles of but 3s 6d each, tho' for the Excellency of their Effects they are worth their Weight in Gold, more eſpecially as one Bottle of them generally Cures, even in the moſt draining Gleets, and grievous Relaxations and Weakneſſes of the Seminals and Genitals, as alſo of the Back and Reins, that are.

Nor can there be prepared, by any Art or Skill, a more cleanſing and healing, or a more ſtrengthening and invigorating Medicine, or one that can more effectually cure Impotency, or promote Fertility, than this, as every one that but once tries it will ſay, by their ſoon finding the Difference between this and other Remedies; for it will do more in one Day towards reſtoring to theſe Weakneſſes than any others can in ten, and is of ſo corroborating a Nature that it may be entirely rely'd upon for curing perfectly and firmly, without Fear of Relapſe, even in the tenderest Conſtitutions, which can hardly be ſaid of any other Medicine; and it is withal ſo elegantly pleaſant to the Palate, and ſo agreeable to the Stomach that the niceſt Perſon is delighted with it.

Mr. Weſt, Goldſmith, who us'd to ſell theſe Drops being dead, they are now Sold only by his Son-in Law, Mr. Johnſon, a Baker, at the Seven Stars, in Vere-ſtreet, near Clare-Market, ſealed up, with Directions, for any Meſſenger upon asking only for a Bottle of Drops, and paying 3s 6d.

ANTI-SIPHYLICON,

THE only ſhort and moſt infallible CURE in the Univerſe for the *Venereal Diſeaſe* from the ſlighteſt Infection to the moſt extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are thoroughly contaminated with its malignant *Virus*, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Freſh Infections, call'd Claps, with all their attendant Symptoms, tho' ever ſo ſevere, are entirely carried off by it in a few Days, and to as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relicks, on one Hand, or a ſeminal Gleet, or Weakneſs, to happen on the other.

And the moſt inveterate Degree of the *French Illneſs*, attended with nocturnal Pains, univerſal Breakings-out, and all other the moſt exſeparated Symptoms, are ſoon overcome by it, and effectually and much more ſafely cured than by Salivation, Inungation, or any other Method whatever, and in ſo eaſy and pleaſant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occaſioning any Inconvenience, as loudly to beſpeak it the only appoſite Remedy, or true *Venereal Antidote* in the World, and this ſome Thouſands have, to their great Joy, experienced.

Hence it is that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it abſolutely to be depended upon, and much more ſafe and effectual than any other Medicine whatſoever.

It is pleaſant to take, occaſions no Sickneſs or Diſorder, nor requires Confinement, but may be taken, and the Cure be accompliſhed, without the Knowledge of the neareſt Friend.

Thoſe who ſuſpect they have received an Injury may, by only a Doſe or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehenſions; for it ſuffers no lurking Venom to lie hid in the Body, but wholly extirpates it, Root and Branch, in a gentle, eaſy, and agreeable Manner.

All ſuch, likewiſe, as doubt they have ſome remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may, by a few Doſes of it, entirely free themſelves from all Suſpicions of that Kind; for it admits of no Foulneſs, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and, on that Account, in all Scorbutick, Scrophulous, and even Leprous Eruptions, or Foulneſſe, of the Skin, or glandulous Swellings, and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Doſe than any other Medicine, yet known, can by ten.

The Price of this moſt noble *Anti-Siphylicon* is but ſix Shillings a Pot, which, conſidering its extraordinary Efficacy, one Pot only being ſufficient, in moſt Caſes, to accompliſh the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is ready ſealed up, with a Book of Inſtructions, by the Peruſal of which all Perſons who were ever affected with any Degree of the *Venereal Diſeaſe* may perfectly underſtand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the *Venereal Poiſon* is entirely rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, This Grand Anti-Siphylicon is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. *Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scurvey. No Letters anſwer'd, unleſs Poſt-paid.*

Dr. R. NELSON, being well known to have made the Cure of Seminal and Genital Imbecilities his chief Study and Practice of above thirty Years, does recommend his moſt Noble Cleanſing and Strengthning ELIXIR, which thouſands of People have experienced, to be the only BALSAMICK HEALING RESTORING Medicine in the World,

For Gleets and Weakneſſes,

THE Bane of Virility in the one Sex, and Deſtroyer of Fertility in the other, whether from ill cur'd Venereal Infections (that which nothing is more common) or from inordinate Coition, or Self-Pollution (that curſed School Wickedneſs, which ſpoils all our Youth, by nipping their Manhood in the Bud) or from involuntary Emiſſions a Nights in the Sleep, or in the Day Time upon Stool or with the Urine, or from Falls, Blows, Strains, Wrenches, or the like, which drain, and dry up the Seminals, and wither, as it were, the Generative Faculties, cauſing Impotency in Men, the Fluor Albus, and Barrenneſs in Women, (or but a weakly, ſickly Offspring if any) and in the long Run (by impoveriſhing the Blood and Spirits) Melancholy, Vapours, Decays of Nature, and Conſumptions.

No Medicine can be more pleaſant to take, nor any Thing upon Earth more effectual for the Purpoſe; for let the Imbecility be ever ſo great, or of ever ſo long ſtanding, and be either in the Parts Spermatick Veſſels, or Back, with Pain, or without, it certainly Cures, by reviving and enriching the Blood and Spirits, comforting, nourifhing, and replenifhing the Reins and ſeminals, and ſtrengthning and reſtoring the Genital Parts in both Sexes, how much ſoever weakned, rendred cold, or deadned, and bringing them to their natural Force, Warmth, and Vigour, by thickening and fertilizing the Seed which before was thin, wateriſh, or yellowiſh, and conſequently inſufficient, either for Procreation or the Act of it.

All Diſorders of the Urine, as Difficulty in the making or retaining it, or its dribling away, hot or ſmarting, or foul, ſlimy, thready, greaſy or ſtinking, whether from Gravel, Stone, Strangury, or a Venereal Cauſe are likewiſe ſpeedily cured by it, and the Water made to be held as ſtrongly, and yet brought away as freely, eaſily, ful ſcream'd, and clear as ever.

Price 5 s. a Bottle. Prepared by the aboveſaid Author, and ſold only) ſealed up with Directions how to take it) at Mr. Corbett Bookſeller, at Addiſon's Head, oppoſite St. Dunſtan's Church Fleet-ſtreet, and by Henry Cook, under the Royal-Exchange, for a 5 s. Bottle of Elixir.

The So-much Fam'd HYPO-DROPS.

WHICH in a few Days infallibly cure *Hypochondriack Melancholy* in *Men*, and the *Vapours* in *Women*, ſo as never to return again, be they ever ſo levere, or of many Years ſtanding, and even after all other Remedies have prov'd ineffectual, and that by immediately ſtriking at the very Root or true Cauſe, as well as remedying the Effects, of thoſe perplexing Maladies and all their Variety of Symptoms, by which they maſk, by Turns, almoſt all the Diſeaſes poor Mortals are afflicted with, and have their Riſe from a depraved Appetite, vicious Ferment in the Stomach, and Indigeſtion of Food whence proceed Crudities and flatulent or windy Diſorders in the firſt Paſſages, ill Fumes, ſour Belchings, Cholick, and Uneaſineſs in the Bowels, which Crudities offend the Nerves, and, by Conſent of Parts affect the Head, and produce ſometimes Giddineſs, Dimneſs of Sight, confuſed Thoughts, pertinacious Watchings, troubleſome Sleep, Frights, groundleſs Fears, and the deepeſt Melancholy, with direful Views and terrible Apprehenſions; at other times, Fits, flaſhing Heats, Reachings, Faintneſs, Lowneſs and Sinking of Spirits and Palpitation of the Heart, Startings, Tremblings and Twitchings in the Limbs and other Parts, with many convulſive Diſorders, ſharp Pains, fix'd or wandering, Pain and Weakneſs in the Back, and other almoſt innumerable and grievous Symptoms, which miſerably afflict vaſt Numbers of both Sexes.

All which Symptoms in their ſharpeſt Paroxyſms, theſe ſtomach fam'd and moſt pleaſant Drops, (which are Chymically prepar'd from the moſt valuable Specimens in the Mineral, Vegetable, and Animal Kingdoms, and exalted to the higheſt Degree of Perfection poſſible) inſtantly queil, and at the ſame time annihilate their real Cauſe, directly bringing the Stomach into right Order, creating a good Appetite, rectifying the Digeſtion, occaſioning laudable Chyle and, of courſe, good Blood, Plenty of calm, free, and chearful Spirits, a regular Circulation of all the Fluids, and Strength of Nerves ſo that both Cauſe and Effects of Melancholy and Vapours, are thoroughly removed by them, almoſt on the Spot, as the many Thouſands of both Sexes they have perfectly cured, evince.

Whoever takes them for three Days only, will be ſenſible they are abſolutely to be depended upon for an effectual and laſting Cure, and certain it is, that no Medicine upon Earth can equal them; be careful therefore to have the right Drops, which are to be had only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Crois-Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange, in Cornhill, London, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with printed Directions and Advice at large.

GLEETS and SEMINAL WEAKNESSES,

SO deſtructive to the Conſtitution, and ruinous not only to the unhappy Individual labouring under them, by draining away the Radical Moiſture or very Eſſence of Life, and inducing Conſumptions, Nervous Diſorders, &c. but to poſterity alſo, inaſmuch as thoſe afflicted with ſuch Gleetings, if not wholly diſabled, as very many are, from propagating their Species, are yet render'd incapable of begetting any other than puny, miſerable, and ſhort-liv'd Iſſue.

Theſe waſting Gleetings, occaſion'd by Self-pollution, exceſſive Venery, ſevere Purging for Venereal Injuries, or by violent Strains, &c. and which have been deem'd by almoſt all Phyſicians and Surgeons to be ſo very difficult to overcome, are now ſo certainly known to be directly, and in a manner at once perfectly cur'd by the Grand Reſtrictive Balſamick Electuary, that no one, how bad ſoever, need deſpair of being entirely ſet to Rights by it in a few Days.

It is from this its moſt extraordinary Efficacy, that ſo many Practitioners in Town and Country now ſend for it for their Patients, as finding it to be the only ſure and infallible Remedy that can be ſafely rely'd upon in thoſe Caſes. The Price of this Grand Medicine is 6 s. a Pot, ſeal'd up, with a Book of Inſtructions, highly neceſſary to be read by all Perſons whoever were afflicted with any Diſorder of the Seminal Veſſels or neighbouring Parts.

Note, This fam'd Balſamic Electuary is now, by the Author's Appointment, to be had only at Mr. Eglinton's (Mr. Radford being deceaſed) at the Golden Pair of Spectacles againſt the Eaſt-End of the New Church in the Strand, London. Ask only for a 6 s. Pot of Balſamic Electuary. No Letters anſwer'd unleſs Poſt-paid.

To Perſons of either Sex,
Afflicted with any Species of the PALSY, *or other* Nervous Decays.

NEVER were NERVOUS DISEASES, PALSIES, and PARALYTICK DISORDERS ſo frequent as of late they have been, nor have the uſual Remedies been found adequate to thoſe pertinacious Diſtempers: This occaſioned a Phyſician, who employed his Thoughts much concerning them, to adapt a Medicine, a Sovereign Elixir peculiar to, and effectual for, the Palſy, and all other Nervous Complaints now reigning, which, after he had experienced on vaſt Numbers of Perſons of both Sexes, and always with ſurprizing Succeſs even ſo as infallibly to cure by it the Palſy, and all Paralytick Effects and Nervous Diſorders, he permitted it to be made publick for a general Good, that ſo thoſe labouring under theſe miſerable Ailments might know where to meet with a ſafe and moſt certain Cure, which it accompliſhes in ſo ſhort a Time, and with ſuch Eaſe and Pleaſure (a few Drops of it being a Doſe, highly agreable to the Palate, and comforting to the Stomach and Bowels) as is almoſt incredible to relate.

But the taking one Bottle of it only demonſtrates its prodigious Efficacy to every one, and the Patients ſoon finds all Numbneſs, Deadneſs, and ſhaking, or Reſolution of the Nerves, as well as all convulſive, cramp-like, or painful Contractions of them, vaniſh and return no more, and this, though theſe Diſeaſes have been of many Years ſtanding, and whether occaſioned by long Illneſs, faſt Living, hard drinking, or any other Cauſe; for it performs all that can be wiſhed for in Nervous Caſes, creates an Appetite, expells Wind, rectifies the Digeſtion, occaſions laudable Chyle, attennuates the Blood and Juices, cauſes a free and regular Circulation of 'em thro' the Capillary Veſſels, revives and increaſes the Spirits, warms, comforts, ſtrengthens, and replenifhes the Brain and whole Nervous Syſtem, hence the Sinews, Tendons, Ligaments, and all the enfeebled Parts are invigorated, the Limbs reſtored to their priſtine Steadineſs and Strength, and the Palſy and all Paralitick Diſorders and Nervous Decays ſuddenly cured by it, to the Admiration of the Patients themſelves, and all about them.

This ſovereign and incomparable Elixir is permitted to be ſold only at Mrs. Holt's, at the Crois Keys and Star below the Royal Exchange in Cornhill, London, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with printed Directions at large.

The only ſhort and infallible Cure for that reigning Diſeaſe the SCURVY, *and all Scorbutic Humours, tho' arrived in the higheſt or moſt inveterate Degree, or of ever ſo many Years ſtanding, and that without a ſenſible Evacuation, or the leaſt Purging, which, by an unaccountable Miſtake, is generally adviſed, altho' always found rather to encreaſe and confirm the Scurvy than cure it.*

By the ſo much fam'd and moſt peaſant Chymical DROPS.

WHICH, without the leaſt Trouble, Confinement, or any Diſorder whatever, dear once ſtrike at the true Cauſe of the Scurvy, and entirely deſtroy it, and all Scorbutick Humors and Effects, Root and Branch, ſo as never to return again, as many Thouſands of both Sexes have experienced, and as all who take them in Three Days Time are convinced; for they almoſt inſtantly alter the morbid State of the Juices, purify the Blood, ſweeten all the Fluids cleanſe them from Impurities, and directly clear the whole Habit from all Spots, Blotches, black and blue Marks, Itchings, foul Eruptions or Breakings-out, Weakneſs of the Limbs, languid Heavineſs of the whole Body, wandering Pains, Weakneſs of the Back, and all the vaſt Variety of Symptoms by which the Scurvy imits or and often lies conceal'd under the Appearance of the Rheumatiſm, and many other Diſtempers.

And for ſtrengthening the Stomach, immediately creating a good Appetite, cauſing a regular and eaſy Digeſtion of Food, and curing all windy Effects and Diſorders of the firſt Paſſages, (whence proceed Head-Achs, Vapours, and other Indiſpoſitions) no Bitters, nor any other Medicine upon Earth can compare with them, inſomuch that beſides infallibly curing the Scurvy, in all its Shapes and Appearances they aſſuredly and directly cure the Green-Sickneſs in Virgins, Worms of all Kinds, in Young or Old, and almoſt all other Chronick Diſeaſes, which are chiefly occaſioned by Indigeſtion and flatulent Crudities in the Stomach and Bowels) and certainly prevent Fevers, Agues, and other acute Illneſſes.

They are wonderfully Cordial and Reſtorative, ſtrengthen and cool the whole Machine, and as ſoon as taken, make the Patient pleaſantly lightſome, brisk and vigorous to Admiration, and are good for all Sorts of Perſons, to preſerve as well as to procure a ſound and healthful State of Body.

But the great Reputation theſe ſo much fam'd and moſt pleaſant Chymical DROPS have ſo univerſally gain'd among Perſons of eminence, for their ſuddenly and infallibly curing the Scurvy and all Scorbutick Humors, and other Chronick Diſeaſes, in ſuch an eaſy and agreeable Manner, have occaſioned many to imitate them, ſome under the ſame, and others under other Names; be careful therefore not to be deceived, but be ſure to have the Right, which, by the Author's ſpecial Appointment, are to be had, only at the Gentlewoman's at the two blue Poſts in Huydon Yard in the Minories, London, at 3 s. 6 d. a Bottle, with Directions.

For the direct Cure of IMBECILLITY *or* IMPOTENCY *in* MEN, *whether occaſioned, by* Pollutio ſui, *Semina Weakneſſes of any kind, or any other Defect of the Generative Faculties.*

And alſo

Of BARRENNESS *in* WOMEN, *tho' of many Years Continuance, and proceeding from draining Weakneſſes, Coldneſs of Conſtitution, or any other Cauſe whatever.*

The Famous and Ineſtimable

PROLIFICK ELIXIR,

The higheſt, richeſt, and moſt powerful Cordial in Nature is recommended,

BEING the only true and Infallible Cure for Impoteney in Men and Barrenneſs in Women, in the Univerſe, and which it at once accompliſhes without the leaſt Trouble, even after all other Remedies have fail'd, as Thouſands have experienced, and that by promoting the chearful Curricle of the Blood and Juices, raiſing all the Fluids from their languid depreſſed State to one more florid and ſparkling; opening all Obſtructions, fortifying the Nerves, encreaſing the Animal Spirits, reſtoring a Juvenile Bloom, and evidently replenifhing the craſpy Fibres of the whole Habit, with a generous Warmth and balmy Moiſture, and thereby invigorating it to ſuch a Degree as not to be imagin'd, but by thoſe who have experienced how exceedingly and ſuddenly it renovates, recruits and powerfully ſtrengthens all the Animal Faculties, and Generative Powers in both Sexes. It inforces a bright lively Diſpoſition baniſhes Melancholy, and inſpires Mirth and Gladneſs of Heart beyond Expreſſion.

Abundance of Ladies, who for ſeveral Years were deem'd incurably Barren, have after twice taking it, conceived and became Fruitful, and great Numbers of Gentlemen, who by faſt living, Strains, or Self Abuſes, had render'd themſelves incapable of Procreation, have ſoon been enabled by it to propagate their Species, inſomuch, that very many illuſtrious Families, who, for want of Children, were almoſt inconſolable, are now bleſt with happy Iſſue, and are (under Providence) indebted to this Great Medicine for their Heirs.

It rectifies all Diſorders of the Stomach, creates an Appetite, procures a good Digeſtion, and in all Weakneſs of Body, or Decay of Conſtitution of any Kind, is a moſt infallible Reſtorative, and even ſeems to keep back the Effects of Old Age it ſelf.

It is to be taken but a few Drops at a Time, has a very fine Flavour, is pleaſant to the Palate, Cordial to the Stomach, and can be had only at the Gentlewoman's at the Two Blue Poſts in Hayden Yard in the Minories, London, at 5 s. a Bottle, ſealed up with printed Directions, and Advice at large.

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